

World Religions Part 3: Hinduism

History of Hinduism

Caste System: Brahmins Kshatriyas Vaisyas Shudras Untouchables

Foundation of Hinduism

Reincarnation Karma

Four Paths to Moksha (Salvation):

Karma Bhakti Jnana Raja

Nine Core Beliefs of Hinduism

- 1. Reverence for their revealed scriptures
- 2. All-pervasive divinity
- 3. Three worlds and Cycles of creation
- 4. The laws of Karma and Dharma
- 5. Reincarnation and Liberation
- 6. Temples and the Inner Worlds
- 7. Yoga guided by Satguru
- 8. Compassion and Noninjury
- 9. Genuine Respect for other faiths





Key Differences from Christianity:

- 1. In Hinduism, Jesus is not god, but one of the many incarnations of Vishnu John 1:1-2, 14
- 2. Hindus believe in Reincarnation and Multiple paths to Salvation Hebrews 9:26b-27

Takeaway:

Hinduism is more of a philosophy than a theology, and any religion that seeks god within themselves is too small. More importantly, Hinduism, like every other religion other than Christianity, does not worship a Living God.

Study/Discussion Questions:

- 1. What did you learn about Hinduism that was new to you?
- 2. Do we experience any type of caste system in the U.S. today? If so, what does it look like?
- 3. How to the concepts of Reincarnation and Karma show up today? How can these ideologies be dangerous?
- 4. What are the primary differences between Hinduism and Christianity? Why do these differences matter?

